Morgan Stanley RESEARCH

IDEA

August 1, 2025 09:55 PM GMT

US Economics | North America

Are large downward revisions to nonfarm payrolls associated with higher recession probability?

The July employment report brought downward revisions to May and June employment of 258k, the largest downward revision since 1979 outside of COVID. That said, empirical analysis indicates revisions have only marginal signal about recession risk. The change in current-month employment matters more.

Key Takeaways

- The 258k downward revision to the prior two months of payrolls was 4-5x larger than the median absolute revision since 1979. The median average revision is 56k
- If we regress revisions to payrolls on expansion or recession, we find that the 258k downward revision implies a 9pp increase in the probability of recession.
- However, if we add the current month's payroll data as an additional explanatory variable, the statistical significance of revisions evaporates.
- The message is the signal from the July payroll (+73k) is likely more important than the abnormally large downward revisions.

MORGAN STANLEY & CO. LLC

Michael T Gapen

Chief US Economist

Michael.Gapen@morganstanley.com +1 212 761-0571

Sam D Coffin

Fconomist

Sam.Coffin@morganstanley.com +1 212 761-4630

Diego Anzoategui

+1 212 761-8573 Diego.Anzoategui@morganstanley.com

Heather Berger

Heather.Berger@morganstanley.com +1 212 761-2296

Arunima Sinha

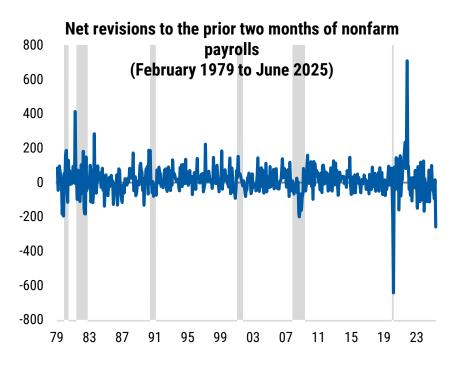
Global Economist

+1 212 761-4125



Extel Global Fixed Income Poll is now open. We hope you have enjoyed our research over the past year and appreciate your support. Request your ballot.

Exhibit 1: Outside of Covid, the downward revisions to July payrolls were the largest since 1979



Note: Shading = recessions. Source: BLS, NBER, Morgan Stanley Research

Net downward revisions of -258k?

In the July employment report, the big surprise was the 258,000 in downward revisions to the prior two months of data. June payrolls were reported as rising by 147k in the initial release, but were revised lower to show a gain of only 14k for a downward revision of 133k. Employment in May was originally revised higher from 139k to 144k with the release of the June employment report, but was subsequently revised to 19k in July for a downward revision of 125k. Together the 133k revision to June employment and the 125k downward revision to May employment yielded the -258k total for the net revisions to nonfarm payrolls in July.

Why does the BLS revise payrolls twice?

According to the BLS, the Current Employment Statistics (CES) program, also known as the payroll survey or the establishment survey, is based on a monthly survey of approximately 121,000 businesses and government agencies. These businesses and agencies cover about 631,000 worksites throughout the United States. From this sample, the CES produces and publishes estimates of nonfarm payrolls by industry, hours worked, and average hourly earnings estimates for the US economy.

The initial estimate of job change for a given month – in this case July 2025 – is based on businesses and agencies that report their data ahead of the survey deadline. Historically, about two-thirds or more return the survey ahead of the initial estimate. That said, while the response rate to the CES survey has remained steady at the final release, response rates before the initial release have been declining (see here). Whether this leads to more revisions remains to be seen. Generally speaking, the BLS assumes that the employment situation from survey respondents that met the deadline is representative of employment conditions broadly. In other words, the situation at those establishments that have not yet reported is assumed to be the same as those who have reported.

The BLS continues to collect outstanding reports from establishments in the sample as it prepares the second and third estimate for the month. Hence, the July employment report contained the first revision for June payrolls based on additional survey data received. It also includes the second revision to May employment based on additional survey data for May hiring received by the July deadline.

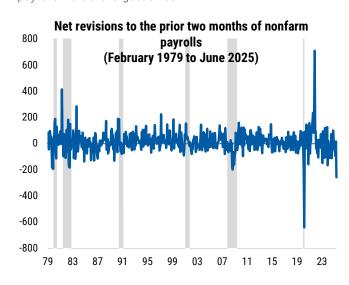
With each subsequent estimate more businesses provide more information. Should this information differ markedly from the initial release, then it is conceivable that revisions could be large. The employment picture in July should be viewed as the initial estimate for July plus any additional information received about the hiring situation in May and June.

Is this unusual? What do net revisions normally look like?

The magnitude of the revisions to prior data in the July employment report was very large, about 4-5x normal variation.

To see this, we plot the historical data on the net revisions to the prior two months of payroll data from March 1979 to the present (we start in March 1979 since it reaches back two months to January 1979). The average of all the observations is 12k, or a net upward revision of 12,000 jobs. The minimum observation was -642,000 in May 2020, which included revisions to the March

Exhibit 2: Outside of Covid, the downward revisions to July payrolls were the largest since 1979



Note: Shading = recessions. Source: BLS, NBER, Morgan Stanley Research

and April jobs date during the COVID shutdowns. The maximum value was 709,000 in January 2022, which captured reopening effects post-pandemic.

If we exclude the pandemic, the downward revisions contained in the July 2025 payrolls is the largest on record dating to 1979, a sample period of 46 years and 557 observations (two months of revisions during 2003 are unavailable or the full sample would be 559 observations. The largest non-pandemic upward revisions came in June 1981 at 414,000.

If we convert the data to absolute values, we find that the mean absolute value of net revisions to the prior tow months of payrolls is 56,000 with standard deviation of 61,000. Hence the 258k in july revisions – in absolute terms – is about 4-5x higher than normal and a statistical outlier by any standard definition.

Exhibit 3: Histogram of revisions to prior two months of payrolls

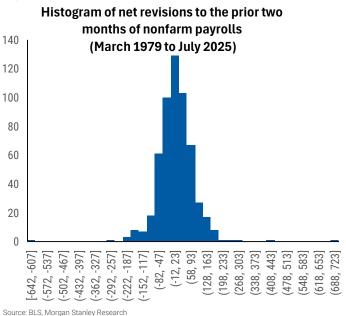
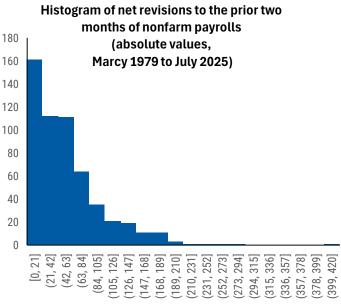


Exhibit 4: Distribution of absolute value of revisions to prior two months of payrolls



Source: BLS, Morgan Stanley Research

Should we be worried? What does it say about recession risks?

As we noted in our post-report write-up (July Employment Report: A sharp drop-off in labor demand) and in our US Economics weekly (It's the unemployment rate), we took some signal from the downward revisions since they point to a more abrupt slowdown in the hiring rate than 1) prior data indicated and, 2) more than we had been forecasting. We did not change our outlook for monetary policy this year (no rate cuts in 2025), but we emphasized that the report signals that recession risk remains elevated and investors who had turned complacent in recent months should be on alert.

Are large downward revisions to nonfarm payrolls associated with higher probabilities of recession?

To answer this question, we estimate a simple probit model to quantify the impact of nonfarm payroll revisions on recession risk. Probit models are a type of regression analysis used when the dependent variable is binary: in this case a value of 0 when the economy is in expansion or a value of 1 if it is in recession. We take NBER monthly recession/expansion estimates for this portion of the analysis.

The regression model then estimates the probability of an observation falling into one of those two categories – expansion or recession – based on the independent or explanatory variable. The model uses the cumulative distribution function of the standard normal distribution (also known as the probit function) to calculate these probabilities. The explanatory variable is the sum of revisions to the prior two months' payroll data.

Initial results suggest that downward revisions are associated with a statistically significant increase in the three-month-ahead recession probability. However, the magnitude of the effect is modest—insufficient to conclude that a recession is more likely

MORGAN STANLEY RESEARCH

than not. For example, the 258k downward revisions to May and June raise the recession probability by 9 percentage points and the results are significant at the 95th percentile (when we exclude COVID observations). Given that the revisions to July employment were the largest downward revisions in more than forty years outside of COVID, a 9pp increase in recession risk appears fairly minor.

That said, when we include the change to payrolls in the current month as an additional explanatory variable alongside net revisions to the prior two months of payrolls, revisions to the prior two months loses its statistical significance.

Put simply, if the question is which signal matters more – the signal from July employment (+73k) or the revisions to the June and May employment data (-258k) – the answer is July employment. Could this time be different? Sure. But the historical evidence indicates that a sharp deceleration in the initial estimate of nonfarm payrolls is more strongly correlated with recession risk than revisions to prior data.

Hence, we take more signal from the July employment data – 73k increase in payrolls, modest wage growth, bump in hours worked, and low unemployment rate – than from the statistically abnormal downward revisions to prior months and conclude that recession risk remains elevated, but may not have risen materially enough to alter our view on the US economy.



Disclosure Section

The information and opinions in Morgan Stanley Research were prepared by Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC, and/or Morgan Stanley C.T.V.M. S.A., and/or Morgan Stanley Mexico, Casa de Bolsa, S.A. de C.V., and/or Morgan Stanley Canada Limited. As used in this disclosure section, "Morgan Stanley" includes Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC, Morgan Stanley C.T.V.M. S.A., Morgan Stanley Mexico, Casa de Bolsa, S.A. de C.V., Morgan Stanley Canada Limited and their affiliates as necessary.

For important disclosures, stock price charts and equity rating histories regarding companies that are the subject of this report, please see the Morgan Stanley Research Disclosure Website at www.morganstanley.com/researchdisclosures, or contact your investment representative or Morgan Stanley Research at 1585 Broadway, (Attention: Research Management), New York, NY, 10036 USA

For valuation methodology and risks associated with any recommendation, rating or price target referenced in this research report, please contact the Client Support Team as follows: US/Canada +1 800 303-2495; Hong Kong +852 2848-5999; Latin America +1 718 754-5444 (U.S.); London +44 (0)20-7425-8169; Singapore +65 6834-6860; Sydney +61 (0)2-9770-1505; Tokyo +81 (0)3-6836-9000. Alternatively you may contact your investment representative or Morgan Stanley Research at 1585 Broadway, (Attention: Research Management), New York, NY 10036 USA.

Global Research Conflict Management Policy

Morgan Stanley Research has been published in accordance with our conflict management policy, which is available at www.morganstanley.com/institutional/research/conflictpolicies. A Portuguese version of the policy can be found at www.morganstanley.com.br

Important Disclosures

Morgan Stanley is not acting as a municipal advisor and the opinions or views contained herein are not intended to be, and do not constitute, advice within the meaning of Section 975 of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act.

Morgan Stanley Research does not provide individually tailored investment advice. Morgan Stanley Research has been prepared without regard to the circumstances and objectives of those who receive it. Morgan Stanley recommends that investors independently evaluate particular investments and strategies, and encourages investors to seek the advice of a financial adviser. The appropriateness of an investment or strategy will depend on an investor's circumstances and objectives. The securities, instruments, or strategies discussed in Morgan Stanley Research may not be suitable for all investors, and certain investors may not be eligible to purchase or participate in some or all of them. Morgan Stanley Research is not an offer to buy or sell on the solicitation of an offer to buy or sell any security/instrument or to participate in any particular trading strategy. The value of and income from your investments may vary because of changes in interest rates, foreign exchange rates, default rates, prepayment rates, securities/instruments prices, market indexes, operational or financial conditions of companies or other factors. There may be time limitations on the exercise of options or other rights in securities/instruments transactions. Past performance is not necessarily a guide to future performance. Estimates of future performance are based on assumptions that may not be realized. If provided, and unless otherwise stated, the closing price on the cover page is that of the primary exchange for the subject company's securities/instruments.

The fixed income research analysts, strategists or economists principally responsible for the preparation of Morgan Stanley Research have received compensation based upon various factors, including quality, accuracy and value of research, firm profitability or revenues (which include fixed income trading and capital markets profitability or revenues), client feedback and competitive factors. Fixed Income Research analysts', strategists' or economists' compensation is not linked to investment banking or capital markets transactions performed by Morgan Stanley or the profitability or revenues of particular trading desks.

With the exception of information regarding Morgan Stanley, Morgan Stanley Research is based on public information. Morgan Stanley makes every effort to use reliable, comprehensive information, but we make no representation that it is accurate or complete. We have no obligation to tell you when opinions or information in Morgan Stanley Research change apart from when we intend to discontinue equity research coverage of a subject company. Facts and views presented in Morgan Stanley Research have not been reviewed by, and may not reflect information known to, professionals in other Morgan Stanley business areas, including investment banking personnel.

Morgan Stanley may make investment decisions that are inconsistent with the recommendations or views in this report.

To our readers based in Taiwan or trading in Taiwan securities/instruments: Information on securities/instruments that trade in Taiwan is distributed by Morgan Stanley Taiwan Limited ("MSTL"). Such information is for your reference only. The reader should independently evaluate the investment risks and is solely responsible for their investment decisions. Morgan Stanley Research may not be distributed to the public media or quoted or used by the public media without the express written consent of Morgan Stanley. Any non-customer reader within the scope of Article 7-1 of the Taiwan Stock Exchange Recommendation Regulations accessing and/or receiving Morgan Stanley Research is not permitted to provide Morgan Stanley Research to any third party (including but not limited to related parties, affiliated companies and any other third parties) or engage in any activities regarding Morgan Stanley Research which may create or give the appearance of creating a conflict of interest. Information on securities/instruments that do not trade in Taiwan is for informational purposes only and is not to be construed as a recommendation or a solicitation to trade in such securities/instruments. MSTL may not execute transactions for clients in these securities/instruments.

Morgan Stanley is not incorporated under PRC law and the research in relation to this report is conducted outside the PRC. Morgan Stanley Research does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy any securities in the PRC. PRC investors shall have the relevant qualifications to invest in such securities and shall be responsible for obtaining all relevant approvals, licenses, verifications and/or registrations from the relevant governmental authorities themselves. Neither this report nor any part of it is intended as, or shall constitute, provision of any consultancy or advisory service of securities investment as defined under PRC law. Such information is provided for your reference only.

Morgan Stanley Research is disseminated in Brazil by Morgan Stanley C.T.V.M. S.A. located at Av. Brigadeiro Faria Lima, 3600, 6th floor, São Paulo - SP, Brazil; and is regulated by the Comissão de Valores Mobiliários; in Mexico by Morgan Stanley México, Casa de Bolsa, S.A. de C.V which is regulated by Comision Nacional Bancaria y de Valores. Paseo de los Tamarindos 90, Torre 1, Col. Bosques de las Lomas Floor 29, 05120 Mexico City; in Japan by Morgan Stanley MUFG Securities Co., Ltd. and, for Commodities related research reports only, Morgan Stanley Capital Group Japan Co., Ltd; in Hong Kong by Morgan Stanley Asia Limited (which accepts responsibility for its contents) and by Morgan Stanley Bank Asia Limited; in Singapore by Morgan Stanley Asia (Singapore) Pte. (Registration number 199206298Z) and/or Morgan Stanley Asia (Singapore) Securities Pte Ltd (Registration number 200008434H), regulated by the Monetary Authority of Singapore (which accepts legal responsibility for its contents and should be contacted with respect to any matters arising from, or in connection with, Morgan Stanley Research) and by Morgan Stanley Bank Asia Limited, Singapore Branch (Registration number T14FC0118); in Australia to "wholesale clients" within the meaning of the Australian Corporations Act by Morgan Stanley Australia Limited A.B.N. 67 003 734 576, holder of Australian financial services license No. 233742, which accepts responsibility for its contents; in Australia to "wholesale clients" within the meaning of the Australian Corporations Act by Morgan Stanley Wealth Management Australia Pty Ltd (A.B.N. 19 009 145 555, holder of Australian financial services license No. 240813, which accepts responsibility for its contents; in Korea by Morgan Stanley & Co International plc, Seoul Branch; in India by Morgan Stanley India Company Private Limited having Corporate Identification No (CIN) U22990MH1998PTC115305, regulated by the Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI") and holder of licenses as a Research Analyst (SEBI Registrat

MORGAN STANLEY RESEARCH 7

Hardas, Tel. No.: +91-22-61181000 or Email: msic-compliance@morganstanley.com. Morgan Stanley India Company Private Limited (MSICPL) may use Al tools in providing research services. All recommendations contained herein are made by the duly qualified research analysts; in Canada by Morgan Stanley Canada Limited; in Germany and the European Economic Area where required by Morgan Stanley Europe S.E., regulated by Bundesanstalt fuer Finanzdienstleistungsaufsicht (BaFin) under the reference number 149169; in the United States by Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC, which accepts responsibility for its contents. Morgan Stanley & Co. International plc, authorized by the Prudential Regulation Authority and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority and the Prudential Regulation Authority, disseminates in the UK research that it has prepared, and research which has been prepared by any of its affiliates, only to persons who (i) are investment professionals falling within Article 19(5) of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Financial Promotion) Order 2005 (as amended, the "Order"); (ii) are persons who are high net worth entities falling within Article 49(2)(a) to (d) of the Order; or (iii) are persons to whom an invitation or inducement to engage in investment activity (within the meaning of section 21 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000, as amended) may otherwise lawfully be communicated or caused to be communicated. RMB Morgan Stanley Proprietary Limited is a member of the JSE Limited and A2X (Pty) Ltd. RMB Morgan Stanley Proprietary Limited is a joint venture owned equally by Morgan Stanley International Holdings Inc. and RMB Investment Advisory (Proprietary) Limited, which is wholly owned by FirstRand Limited. The information in Morgan Stanley Research is being disseminated by Morgan Stanley Saudi Arabia, regulated by the Capital Market Authority in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, and is directed at Sophisticated investors only.

The trademarks and service marks contained in Morgan Stanley Research are the property of their respective owners. Third-party data providers make no warranties or representations relating to the accuracy, completeness, or timeliness of the data they provide and shall not have liability for any damages relating to such data. The Global Industry Classification Standard (GICS) was developed by and is the exclusive property of MSCI and S&P.

Morgan Stanley Research, or any portion thereof may not be reprinted, sold or redistributed without the written consent of Morgan Stanley.

Indicators and trackers referenced in Morgan Stanley Research may not be used as, or treated as, a benchmark under Regulation EU 2016/1011, or any other similar framework.

The information in Morgan Stanley Research is being communicated by Morgan Stanley & Co. International plc (DIFC Branch), regulated by the Dubai Financial Services Authority (the DFSA) or by Morgan Stanley & Co. International plc (ADGM Branch), regulated by the Financial Services Regulatory Authority Abu Dhabi (the FSRA), and is directed at Professional Clients only, as defined by the DFSA or the FSRA, respectively. The financial products or financial services to which this research relates will only be made available to a customer who we are satisfied meets the regulatory criteria of a Professional Client. A distribution of the different MS Research ratings or recommendations, in percentage terms for Investments in each sector covered, is available upon request from your sales representative.

The information in Morgan Stanley Research is being communicated by Morgan Stanley & Co. International plc (QFC Branch), regulated by the Qatar Financial Centre Regulatory Authority (the QFCRA), and is directed at business customers and market counterparties only and is not intended for Retail Customers as defined by the QFCRA.

As required by the Capital Markets Board of Turkey, investment information, comments and recommendations stated here, are not within the scope of investment advisory activity. Investment advisory service is provided exclusively to persons based on their risk and income preferences by the authorized firms. Comments and recommendations stated here are general in nature. These opinions may not fit to your financial status, risk and return preferences. For this reason, to make an investment decision by relying solely to this information stated here may not bring about outcomes that fit your expectations.

Registration granted by SEBI and certification from the National Institute of Securities Markets (NISM) in no way guarantee performance of the intermediary or provide any assurance of returns to investors. Investment in securities market are subject to market risks. Read all the related documents carefully before investing.

© 2025 Morgan Stanley