Weekly commentary

BlackRock.

June 24, 2024

Sticking with U.S. tech surge

- We see a small group of tech winners leading stock gains as a feature of the artificial intelligence (AI) theme not a flaw. We stay overweight U.S. stocks.
- The S&P 500 notched a fresh all-time high last week, led by tech stocks. U.S. 10-year Treasury yields held steady near 4.25% during the holiday-shortened week.
- We're eyeing to what extent U.S. PCE inflation for May shows a slowing of services inflation after upside surprises earlier in the year.

U.S. stocks have climbed to all-time highs thanks to the technology sector. We're less concerned than some in the market about the small group of tech stocks driving gains. Why? First, excitement over Al is being met by tech firms delivering on and beating high earnings expectations. Second, profit margins for tech are leading the market, but they're also recovering in other sectors as cooling inflation eases costs pressures on margins. We stay overweight U.S. stocks on the Al theme.



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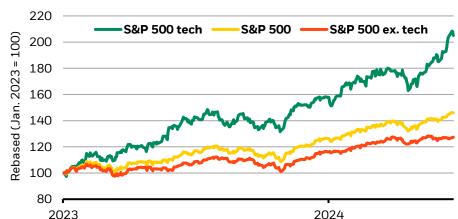
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Tech strength rolls on

S&P 500 performance, tech vs. the rest, 2023-2024



Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Index returns do not account for fees. It is not possible to invest directly in an index. Source: BlackRock Investment Institute, with data from LSEG Datastream, June 2024. Notes: The chart shows the index performance for the S&P 500, for the information technology (IT) sector of the S&P 500 and the S&P 500 excluding the IT sector. The data has been rebased so that January 2023 = 100.

We think strong gains for tech stocks have been fueled by market focus on Al and investors preferring quality given high macro and market uncertainty. The sector is up 30% this year, nearly four times higher than the rest of the S&P 500, according to LSEG Datastream data. See the green and orange lines in the chart. Looking back to 2023, tech's dominance is even clearer: The sector has soared 100% since then, while the rest of the index rose 24%. Al has helped drive that outperformance by brightening corporate earnings for tech firms. Analysts expect they'll rise 20% in the next 12 months – well above forecasts for the rest of the market. Tech firms have so far delivered on lofty expectations: Their earnings grew 23% year over year in Q1. In a world where mega forces – big structural shifts – drive returns now and in the future, we eye the short- and long-term impacts of Al on earnings.

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BlackRock **Investment** Institute Strong balance sheets are also a reason we like tech, and we are less concerned about valuation metrics. Free cash flows – excluding operational costs – as a share of sales are nearly double for tech than for the broader market, and tech has the largest profit margins across sectors, LSEG Datastream data show. Plus, many top tech names are highly profitable and cash-flush, allowing them to fund the buildout of Al infrastructure such as data centers. A search for such quality may have spurred investors to flock to U.S. stocks even more in recent weeks as their European counterparts have retreated. Much of the slide in European stocks came after the results of the <u>European Union elections</u> and news of a snap election in France.

U.S. tech strength is overshadowing gains that are broadening out to other sectors – up about 8% so far this year. Eight of 11 of the S&P 500 sectors saw higher margins in Q1 versus the same period last year. The reason: support from nominal GDP growth that looks set to remain above the pre-pandemic average due to higher inflation. That outlook seems likely even as the pace of real, or inflation-adjusted, growth slows. Inflation falling from its pandemic peaks – though remaining high – has eased pressure on margins by lowering costs. Guided by mega forces, we see sectoral opportunities as risk appetite broadens out. We still favor healthcare given support from recovering earnings, drug innovation and aging populations. We also like the industrial sector because it will help build out the infrastructure needed for Al and the low-carbon transition. Supply chains rewiring along geopolitical lines will also affect the sector as companies and countries bring production closer to home.

What could halt the climb in tech stocks? Markets could lose favor for the sector if hopes for Al are dampened, such as if they feel corporate spending on Al hasn't paid off in a boost to earnings or margins. Any regulatory changes limiting adoption could also affect Al's potential to keep supporting tech. In a less likely scenario, other sectors could jump ahead of tech if growth accelerates, and inflation falls enough to allow the Federal Reserve to cut interest rates more than expected.

Bottom line: The concentration in U.S. tech stocks is a feature, not a flaw, of the Al theme. We stay overweight U.S. stocks on a six- to 12-month, tactical horizon and still prefer the Al theme. We like industrials and healthcare as stock gains broaden.

Market backdrop

The S&P 500 notched a fresh all-time high last week, led by tech stocks. U.S. 10-year Treasury yields held steady near 4.25% during the holiday-shortened week. Since France's snap parliamentary election was announced, spreads of 10-year French government bond yields over German bunds have hovered near their widest levels since the euro area crisis. The Bank of England left rates unchanged – but we think it will likely start rate cuts in August after the early July election.

Assets in review

Selected asset performance, year-to-date return and range



Past performance is not a reliable indicator of current or future results. Indexes are unmanaged and do not account for fees. It is not possible to invest directly in an index. Sources: BlackRock Investment Institute, with data from LSEG Datastream as of June 20, 2024. Notes: The two ends of the bars show the lowest and highest returns at any point year to date, and the dots represent current year-to-date returns. Emerging market (EM), high yield and global corporate investment grade (IG) returns are denominated in U.S. dollars, and the rest in local currencies. Indexes or prices used are: spot Brent crude, ICE U.S. Dollar Index (DXY), spot gold, MSCI Emerging Markets Index, MSCI Europe Index, LSEG Datastream 10-year benchmark government bond index (U.S., Germany and Italy), Bank of America Merrill Lynch Global High Yield Index, J.P. Morgan EMBI Index, Bank of America Merrill Lynch Global Broad Corporate Index and MSCI USA Index.

Week ahead

June 25 U.S. consumer confidence June 28 U.S. PCE; Japan unemployment data

June 27 U.S. durable goods June 30 China NBS manufacturing PMI

1 1011

We're eyeing May U.S. PCE data – the Fed's preferred inflation measure – for signs that services inflation is easing. Cooler-than-expected U.S. CPI data for May showed falling core goods prices. But sticky services prices mean inflation will continue to outpace the Fed's 2% goal in the medium term.

Big calls

Our highest conviction views on tactical (6-12 month) and strategic (long-term) horizons, June 2024

Tactical	Reasons	
U.S. equities	Our macro view has us neutral at the benchmark level. But the AI theme and its potential to generate alpha – or above-benchmark returns – push us to be overweight overall.	
Income in fixed income	The income cushion bonds provide has increased across the board in a higher rate environment. We like short-term bonds and are now neutral long-term U.S. Treasuries as we see two-way risks ahead.	
Geographic granularity	We favor getting granular by geography and like Japan stocks in DM. Within EM, we like India and Mexico as beneficiaries of mega forces even as relative valuations appear rich	
Strategic	Reasons	
Strategic Private credit	Reasons • We think private credit is going to earn lending share as banks retreat – and at attractive returns relative to public credit risk.	
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Note: Views are from a U.S. dollar perspective, June 2024. This material represents an assessment of the market environment at a specific time and is not intended to be a forecast of future events or a quarantee of future results. This information should not be relied upon by the reader as research or investment advice regarding any particular funds, strategy or security.

Tracking five mega forces

Mega forces are big, structural changes that affect investing now – and far in the future. As key drivers of the new regime of greater macroeconomic and market volatility, they change the long-term growth and inflation outlook and are poised to create big shifts in profitability across economies and sectors. This creates major opportunities – and risks – for investors. See our <u>web hub</u> for our research and related content on each mega force.

- **1. Demographic divergence:** The world is split between aging advanced economies and younger emerging markets with different implications.
- 2. Digital disruption and artificial intelligence (AI): Technologies are transforming how we live and work.
- **3. Geopolitical fragmentation and economic competition:** Globalization is being rewired as the world splits into competing blocs.
- **4. Future of finance:** A fast-evolving financial architecture is changing how households and companies use cash, borrow, transact and seek returns.
- **5. Transition to a low-carbon economy:** The transition is set to spur a massive capital reallocation as energy systems are rewired.

Granular views

Six- to 12-month tactical views on selected assets vs. broad global asset classes by level of conviction, June 2024

Our approach is to first determine asset allocations based on our macro outlook – and what's in the price. **The table below reflects this and, importantly, leaves aside the opportunity for alpha, or the potential to generate above-benchmark returns.** The new regime is not conducive to static exposures to broad asset classes, in our view, but is creating more space for alpha.

Und	erweight	Neutral	Overweight	Previous view
	Asset		View	Commentary
	Developed n	narkets		
Equities	United	Benchmark	Neutral	We are neutral in our largest portfolio allocation. Falling inflation and coming Fed rate cuts can underpin the rally's momentum. We are ready to pivot once the market narrative shifts.
	States	Overall	+1	We are overweight overall when incorporating our U.Scentric positive view on artificial intelligence (AI). We think AI beneficiaries can still gain while earnings growth looks robust.
	Europe		-1	We are underweight. While valuations look fair to us, we think the near-term growth and earnings outlook remain less attractive than in the U.S. and Japan – our preferred markets.
	UK		Neutral	We are neutral. We find attractive valuations better reflect the weak growth outlook and the Bank of England's sharp rate hikes to fight sticky inflation.
	Japan		+2	We are overweight. Mild inflation and shareholder-friendly reforms are positives. We see the BOJ policy shift as a normalization, not a shift to tightening.
ed Income	Emerging markets		Neutral	We are neutral. We see growth on a weaker trajectory and see only limited policy stimulus from China. We prefer EM debt over equity.
	China		Neutral	We are neutral. Modest policy stimulus may help stabilize activity, and valuations have come down. Structural challenges such as an aging population and geopolitical risks persist.
	Short U.S. Treasuries		+1	We are overweight. We prefer short-term government bonds for income as interest rates stay higher for longer.
	Long U.S. Treasuries		Neutral	We are neutral. The yield surge driven by expected policy rates has likely peaked. We now see about equal odds that long-term yields swing in either direction.
	U.S. inflation-linked bonds		S Neutral	We are neutral. We see higher medium-term inflation, but cooling inflation and growth may matter more near term.
	Euro area inflation-linked bonds		Neutral	We are neutral. Market expectations for persistent inflation in the euro area have come down.
	Euro area govt bonds		Neutral	We are neutral. Market pricing reflects policy rates in line with our expectations and 10-year yields are off their highs. Widening peripheral bond spreads remain a risk.
	UK gilts		Neutral	We are neutral. Gilt yields have compressed relative to U.S. Treasuries. Markets are pricing in Bank of England policy rates closer to our expectations.
	Japanese go	vt bonds	-2	We are underweight. We find more attractive returns in equities. We see some of the least attractive returns in Japanese government bonds, so we use them as a funding source.
Fixed	O 1 1 1		Neutral	We are neutral. Bonds are supported by looser policy. Yet we find yields more attractive in short-term DM paper.
	U.S. agency l	MBS	Neutral	We are neutral. We see agency MBS as a high-quality exposure in a diversified bond allocation and prefer it to IG.
	Global IG credit		-1	We are underweight. Tight spreads don't compensate for the expected hit to corporate balance sheets from rate hikes, in our view. We prefer Europe over the U.S.
	Global high y	al high yield		We are neutral. Spreads are tight, but we like the high total yield and potential near-term rallies. We prefer Europe.
	Asia credit		Neutral	We are neutral. We don't find valuations compelling enough to turn more positive.
	Emerging ha	ard currency	+1	We are overweight. We prefer EM hard currency debt due to its relative value and quality. It is also cushioned from weakening local currencies as EM central banks cut policy rates.
	Emerging lo	cal currency	Neutral	We are neutral. Yields have fallen closer to U.S. Treasury yields. Central bank rate cuts could hurt EM currencies, dragging on potential returns.

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